AMENDED IN SENATE SEPTEMBER 1, 2009 AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 24, 2009 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 1, 2009 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 13, 2009

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2009–10 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 627

Introduced by Assembly Member Brownley (Coauthors: Assembly Members Blumenfield, Hall, and Portantino)

February 25, 2009

An act to add and repeal Section 49546.5 of the Education Code, and to add Section 1596.804 to the Health and Safety Code, relating to child nutrition.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 627, as amended, Brownley. Child care: nutritional requirements. (1) Under existing law, the California Child Day Care Facilities Act, the State Department of Social Services licenses and regulates child day care facilities, as defined. A willful or repeated violation of these provisions is a misdemeanor.

This bill would require that a licensed child day care facility meet specified health and nutrition-related requirements. This bill would exempt a child day care facility from these requirements, as prescribed, for a child with a documented medical necessity that prevents compliance. The bill would require compliance with these provisions by a child day care facility by January 1, 2011, and would provide that a facility shall annually self-certify compliance to the department. It

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would provide that noncompliance shall not result in civil or criminal penalties or penalties related to licensure.

(2) Under

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Under existing law, the State Department of Education administers the child care food program pursuant to federal law, under which food is provided to child development programs and alternative child care programs, as defined.

This bill would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction to establish-an 18-month a pilot program at least 12 months in duration in which licensed child care centers and child day care homes selected by the department that participate in the federal Child and Adult Care Food Program shall implement certain nutrition and physical activity standards in exchange for a higher state meal reimbursement. This bill would require the State Department of Education to design and implement the pilot program, as specified. The bill would specify that its provisions shall only be implemented if the Superintendent determines that non-General Fund funding sources are available for that purpose, as specified.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:
- 3 (a) Almost 20 percent of children between two years of age and 4 five years of age in California are overweight or obese, and 5 research shows that the condition is difficult to reverse at adolescence or in adulthood.
 - (b) Research demonstrates that taste preferences and lifelong healthy habits are formed in early childhood years.
 - (c) Recent changes to school meals to improve nutrition need to be complemented with changes to the nutrition environment in child care.
 - (d) Recent research demonstrates that the nutrition environment in child care could be improved by encouraging lowfat dairy products, fresh fruits and vegetables, and whole grain products.
- 15 (e) The State of California has a strong policy and financial 16 involvement in the licensed child care system and in the health 17 and safety of children while they are engaged in that system.

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SEC. 2. Section 49546.5 is added to the Education Code, to read:

- 49546.5. (a) The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall establish an 18-month pilot program a pilot program at least 12 months in duration in which licensed child care centers and child day care homes selected by the department that participate in the federal Child and Adult Care Food Program (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1766), shall implement certain nutrition and physical activity standards in exchange for a higher state meal reimbursement.
- (b) The department shall design and implement the pilot program established pursuant to this section. The department may convene a stakeholder group to provide advice on the design, implementation, and evaluation of the pilot program.
- (c) The department shall contract with an independent agency to evaluate the implementation and outcomes of the pilot program. The evaluation shall be completed within one year of the conclusion of the pilot program and shall be sent to the Senate and Assembly Committees on Education. The evaluation shall include, at a minimum, all of the following:
- (1) The health, nutrition, and other related outcomes of the pilot program on children served in the participating child care centers and child day care homes, the child care providers, and the parents.
- (2) The resulting changes in food and beverages provided, and physical activity occurring, at the participating child care centers and child day care homes.
- (3) The fiscal impact of the policies and standards developed at participating child care centers and child day care homes.
- (4) Recommendations for improvements or additions to the pilot program.
- (d) This section shall only be implemented if the Superintendent determines that non-General Fund funding sources, including, but not limited to, federal funding or grant sources, are available to implement this section. If the Superintendent makes a determination that non-General Fund funding sources are available, he or she shall post a declaration to that effect on the department's Internet Web site.
- (e) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2015, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2015, deletes or extends that date.

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SEC. 3. Section 1596.804 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:

- 1596.804. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), and subject to subdivision (e), a licensed child day care facility shall comply with all of the following health requirements for food and beverages served by the provider to children while in care:
- (1) Meals and snacks shall include, at a minimum, the amount of food and the components that are specified in the Child and Adult Care Food Program requirement for meals, pursuant to Section 226.20 of Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect on December 31, 2009.
- (2) Only lowfat or nonfat milk shall be served to children over two years of age.
- (3) Juice shall be limited to a maximum of one serving per day, and only 100-percent juice shall be served.
 - (4) At least one vegetable shall be served at lunch and supper.
- (5) Deep fat frying, as defined in subdivision (i) of Section 49430 of the Education Code, shall be prohibited onsite.
- (6) Sugar shall be limited to 6 grams per serving for both hot and cold cereals.
- (7) Water shall be accessible and available for consumption throughout the day, including meal times.
- (b) If a child has a medical necessity, documented by a physician, that prevents a child day care facility from complying with the requirements of subdivision (a), then the facility shall be exempt from those requirements, to the extent necessary, for purposes of that child only.
- (c) A licensed child care facility shall comply with this section by January 1, 2011.
- (d) A licensed child care facility shall, on an annual basis, self-certify to the department compliance with this section.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, failure to comply with this section shall not result in, or be considered in, the loss of licensure, or result in any civil or criminal penalties.